

What is claimed is:

1. A method of plasma etching a layer of oxide within a chamber comprising:  
supplying a gas mixture containing a fluorocarbon gas and a fluorohydrocarbon gas to the chamber;  
igniting a high-density plasma within the chamber by coupling RF energy to the gas mixture; and  
etching said oxide.
2. The method of claim 1 wherein the fluorocarbon gas within said plasma source gas is selected from a group of gases containing  $\text{CF}_4$ ,  $\text{C}_4\text{F}_6$ , and  $\text{C}_4\text{F}_8$ .
3. The method of claim 1 wherein the fluorohydrocarbon gas within said plasma source gas is selected from a group of gases containing  $\text{CHF}_3$ ,  $\text{CH}_2\text{F}_2$  and  $\text{CH}_3\text{F}$ .
4. The method of claim 1 wherein the gas mixture comprises 30 to 100 sccm of  $\text{CF}_4$ , and 6 to 200 sccm of  $\text{CH}_2\text{F}_2$ .
5. The method of claim 1 wherein said igniting step comprises the step of applying a bias power to a cathode electrode of 200 to 500 watts.
6. The method of claim 1 wherein said igniting step comprises the step of applying an inductive source power to an antenna of 400 to 1500 watts.
7. The method of claim 1 wherein a chamber pressure is between 4 to 60 mTorr.
8. The method of claim 1 wherein, during the etching step, a pedestal that supports the layer of oxide within the chamber is maintained at a temperature between 0 and 100 degrees Celsius.
9. The method of claim 1 wherein said oxide layer is covered in part by a photoresist layer and the etching step provides a selectivity of oxide to photoresist that is greater than 300:1.

10. The method of claim 1 wherein said high-density plasma has a plasma density greater than  $10^{11} \text{ cm}^3$ .
11. The method of claim 1 wherein the gas mixture comprises  $\text{CF}_4$  and  $\text{CH}_2\text{F}_2$  in a  $\text{CF}_4:\text{CH}_2\text{F}_2$  ratio of 1:1.5.
12. The method of claim 1 wherein the gas mixture comprises  $\text{CF}_4$  and  $\text{CH}_2\text{F}_2$  and adjusting the ratio of  $\text{CF}_4:\text{CH}_2\text{F}_2$  controls a selectivity of oxide over photoresist.
13. A method of plasma etching a layer of oxide comprising:  
supplying a gas mixture containing  $\text{CF}_4$  and  $\text{CH}_2\text{F}_2$  to a chamber;  
igniting a plasma within the chamber by applying a bias power to a cathode electrode of about 500 watts and by applying an inductive source power to an inductively coupled antenna of about 700 watts; and  
etching said oxide. ✓
14. The method of claim 13 wherein a gas pressure within the chamber is between 4 to 60 mTorr.
15. The method of claim 13 wherein, during the etching step, a pedestal that supports the layer of oxide within the chamber is maintained at a temperature between 0 and 100 degrees Celsius.
16. The method of claim 13 wherein said high-density plasma has a plasma density greater than  $10^{11} \text{ cm}^3$ .
17. The method of claim 13 wherein the gas mixture comprises  $\text{CF}_4$  and  $\text{CH}_2\text{F}_2$  in a  $\text{CF}_4:\text{CH}_2\text{F}_2$  ratio of 1:1.5.
18. The method of claim 13 wherein the gas mixture comprises  $\text{CF}_4$  and  $\text{CH}_2\text{F}_2$  and adjusting the ratio of  $\text{CF}_4:\text{CH}_2\text{F}_2$  controls a selectivity of oxide over photoresist.
19. The method of claim 13 wherein the gas mixture further comprises  $\text{HeO}_2$ .